

Arthroscopic Posterior Labrum Repair

I. PHASE I – PROTECTION PHASE (Week 0-6)

Precautions:

- Postoperative brace in 0 degrees abduction, 10-20 degrees external rotation for 4 weeks (physician will determine length of time and position)
- Brace must be worn at all times with the exception of exercise activity and bathing
- No activities above head or across body
- Precautions: No IR motions, horizontal adduction, or pushing motions for 4-6 weeks
- Must sleep in brace for 4-6 weeks

Goals:

- Allow healing of repaired capsule
- Initiate early protected and restricted range of motion
- Retard muscular atrophy
- Decrease pain/inflammation

Week 0-4

Cryotherapy:

 Ice before and after exercises for 20 minutes. Ice up to 20 minutes per hour to control pain and swelling. Ice 4-6 times daily

Exercises:

- Gripping exercises with putty
- Active elbow flexion/extension wrist flexion/extension and pronation/supination
- Passive ROM progressing to active-assisted ROM
- Active-assisted ROM: (initiate AAROM at 4 weeks) ER/IR at 45° Abduction AAROM
 - Flexion to 90 degrees for 2-4 weeks
 - ER at 45° Abduction to 30-45°
 - No IR for 6 weeks
- Submaximal shoulder isometrics
 - Flexion
 - Abduction
 - Extension
 - External rotation
 - Internal rotation
- Rhythmic stabilization drills ER/IR is scapular plane at 45° Abduction
- Scapular neuromuscular control drills, manual resistance in sling
- Avoid CKC exercises, pushing motion and crossed body activities

Week 4-6

Goals:

- Gradual increase in ROM
 - Flexion to increase 125-145°
 - Begin light easy increase in ER at 45° and 90° Abduction

^{**}In general all exercises begin with 1 set of 10 repetitions and should increase by 1 set of 10 repetitions daily as tolerated to 5 sets of 10 repetitions.



- Normalize arthrokinematics
- Improve strength
- Decrease pain/inflammation

Range of Motion Exercises:

*Remove shoulder brace at 4 weeks (Physician determination)

- L-Bar active-assisted exercises
- Initiate ER at 90 degrees abduction to tolerance
- Shoulder flexion to tolerance to 90 degrees at week 4 then 125 degrees at week 6
- No IR for 6-8 weeks (unless physician specifies)
- Rope and pulley (Flexion only)
 - Shoulder scaption to 90 degrees at week 4, 125-145 degrees at week 6
- All exercises should be performed to tolerance
- Do not push or aggressively stretch into IR, or horizontal adduction

Strengthening Exercises:

- Exercise tubing ER/IR at 45 degrees abduction (IR to neutral rotationo nly)
- Active shoulder flexion (full can) to 90° elevation
- Active shoulder abduction to 90° elevation
- Isotonic biceps and triceps
- Scapular strengthening with arm at 0 or 30 degrees abduction
 - Prone horizontal abduction
 - Prone horizontal abduction with ER
 - Prone rowing
 - Prone extensions
- Sidelying ER with dumbbell
- Rhythmic stabilization ER/IR and Flex/Ext
- Avoid CKC exercises

Proprioception and Kinesthesia Training:

Initiate joint reposition training

Decrease Pain/Inflammation:

Ice, NSAID, modalities

Brace:

*Discontinue 4-6 weeks post surgery (per physician direction)

II. PHASE II – INTERMEDIATE PHASE (Week 7-14)

Goals:

- Gradually re-establish range of motion
- Normalize arthrokinematics
- Increase strength
- Improve neuromuscular control
- · Enhance proprioception and kinesthesia

Week 7-10

Range of Motion Exercises:

- L-Bar active-assisted exercises
 - ER at 90 degrees abduction to tolerance (should be 85-90 degrees by week 8)



- ER at 90 degrees abduction to 115 degrees (if thrower) by week 10-12
- Shoulder flexion to tolerance (180 by week 8)
- IR at 90 degrees abduction to 30-45 degrees week 10
- Rope and pulley: elevation in scapular plane

Strengthening Exercises:

- Tubing for IR/ER at 0 degrees abduction
- Initiate isotonic dumbbell program
 - Shoulder abduction
 - Shoulder scaption with ER (Full can)
 - Latissimus pull downs
 - Horizontal abduction
 - Horizontal abduction full can
 - Prone rowing
 - Biceps curl
 - Triceps push downs
 - Scapular muscle training (sidelying)
 - No push-ups or pushing movements (until 12 weeks)
 - Prone row
 - Prone horizontal abduction
 - Prone horizontal abduction ER
 - Sidelying ER dumbbell
- Initiate Neuromuscular Control Exercises for Scapulothoracic Joint

Week 11-14

• Continue all exercises listed above

Initiate:

- Progress ER/IR at 90 degrees abduction
 - ER to 90 degrees or 115 degrees for overhead athletes
 - IR to 45-50 degrees
- Full elevation
- Progress strengthening program
- Initiate push-ups into wall at week 12
- Emphasize muscle strength of ER, scapular region

III. PHASE III – DYNAMIC STRENGTHENING PHASE (Week 15-21)

Goals:

- Maintain/progress to full ROM
- Improve strength/power/endurance
- Improve neuromuscular control
- Enhance dynamic stability
- · Improve scapular muscular strength

Week 13-20

Exercises:

- Continue isotonic program (emphasize posterior glenohumeral joint and scapular retraction)
- Continue trunk/LE strengthening and conditioning exercises
- Continue neuromuscular control exercises
- Machine resistance (limited ROM):
 - Latissimus dorsi pull downs



- Seated row
- Seated bench press (week 14)
- May process CKC program:
 - Ball on wall
 - Pushup with rhythmic stabilization on unstable surface (if appropriate)

Week 16-20

- Continue all exercises as above
- Emphasis on gradual return to recreational activities
- Progress plyometrics- 2 hand drills

Criteria to Progress to Phase IV

- 1. Full ROM
- 2. No pain/tenderness
- Satisfactory clinical exam
- 4. Satisfactory Isokinetic test

IV. PHASE IV - RETURN TO ACTIVITY (Week 21-32)

Goals:

Progressively increase activities to prepare patient for unrestricted functional return

Exercises:

- · Continue isotonic strengthening exercises outlined in Phase III
- Continue ROM exercises- light stretching
- Initiate Interval Programs between 20-26 weeks (if patient is an athlete), (Physician determines)