

Anterior and Posterior Bankart Repair Rehabilitation Protocol

Precautions:

- Slower progression in restoring ROM
- Emphasis on Neuromuscular control, scapular position, increase resting muscular tone
- Control arm position/motion while sleeping
- No excessive motion, especially IR, horizontal abduction or adduction
- No pushing motions, push-ups for 8-10 weeks

I. Phase I - Protection Phase (Week 0-8)

Goals: Allow healing of repaired capsule

Begin early protected and restricted range of motion Retard muscular atrophy and enhance dynamic stability

Decrease pain/inflammation

Brace: Patient placed in ultrasling brace in neutral rotation for 4-6 weeks (physician will make determination

Week 0-2

Precautions:

- 1. Sleep in brace for 4-6 weeks (Physician will make determination)
- 2. No overhead activities for 6-8 weeks
- 3. No cross body movements or excessive I
- 4. Compliance to rehab program is critical.

Exercises:

Wrist, hand, gripping

Elbow flex/extension and pronation/supination

Pendulum exercises (non-weighted)

Isometrics

- Flexors, Extensors, ER, IR, ABD
- Rhythmic stabilization drills ER/IR (neutral rotation at 20 degrees abduction
- Proprioception drills

Range of Motion:

- PROM only
- ER/IR at 30 degrees Abduction
- ER to 10-15 degrees
- IR to 10-15 degrees
- Elevation to 45 degrees maximum

Week 3-4

Goals: Control ROM

Enhance Neuromuscular control Decrease pain/inflammation

1. Initiate Range of Motion Exercises

L-Bar active assisted exercises, gentle PROM exercises IR/ER at 30 degrees scapular plane to 10-15 degrees.



- ER to 15-20 degrees
- IR to 15-20 degrees

Shoulder flexion to 60 degrees week 3-4. Rope & Pulley Flexion to 60-70 degrees.

- 2. Strengthening exercises
 - isometrics
 - rhythmic stabilization exercises
 - proprioception drills
 - scapular strengthening exercises manual drills (seated)
 - initiate core stabilization (bridging, partial sit ups, etc.)
- 3. Conditioning program for:
 - trunk
 - lower extremities
 - cardiovascular
- 4. Decrease pain/inflammation:
 - ice, modalities

Week 5-6

- 1. Continue all exercises listed above
- Range of Motion Exercises
 L-Bar Active Assisted Exercises
 Gradually and slowly increase ROM
 - *Base rate of ROM progress on amount of motion and end feel
 - ER at 40 degrees abduction scapular plane to 40 degrees at week 5
 - IR at 40 degrees abd scapular plan to 45 degrees
 - Flexion to 90-100 degrees week 5-6
- 3. Strengthening exercises
 - initiate tubing IR/ER with arm at side (limited ROM)
 - rhythmic stabilization drills
 - -emphasize rotator cuff strengthening
 - active full can to 70 degrees
 - prone rowing at 0 and 45 degrees
 - initiate hand on wall rhythmic stabilization

Week 7-8

- 1. Control all exercisese listed above
- 2. Progress ROM gradually
- 3. Range of Motion
 - ER/IR @ 45 degrees abduction
 - ER to 45 degrees
 - IR to 45 degrees
 - Abduction and flexion to 120-125 degrees



II. Phase II - Intermediate Phase (Week 8-14)

Goals: Progress to 70-80% of full ROM at week 10-12

Increase strength

Improve neuromuscular control

Week 8-10

Range of Motion Exercise
 L-Bar active assisted exercises:
 Flexion to 160-170 degrees
 ER at 90 degrees Abd to 75-80 degrees
 IR at 90 degrees Abd to 55 degrees

2. Strengthening Exercises

Initiate isotonic dumbbell program

- initiate thrower's ten program
- sidelying ER
- sidelying IR
- shoulder Abduction to 90 degrees
- supraspinatus (full can)
- latissimus dorsi prone rowing
- rhomboids horz. Abd (bent elbow)
- biceps curls
- triceps curls
- plank stabilization position

Continue tubing at 0 degrees for ER/IR

Continue stabilization exercises for the glenohumeral joint Scapular strengthening and neuromuscular exercises Continue axial loading exercises

4. Initiate Neuromuscular Control Exercises for Scapulothoracic Joint

Week 10:

AAROM & PROM exercises continued PROM/AAROM:

ER at 90 deg abduction to 90-95 degrees IR at 90 deg abduction to 55-60 degrees Flexion to 180 degrees

Week 11-14

- 1. Continue all exercises listed above, emphasize neuromuscular control drills, PNF stabilization drills, and scapular strengthening.
- 2. Progress ROM to:
 - ER at 90 degrees ABD: to 115-120 degrees
 - IR at 90 degrees ABD: to 55-60 degrees (maximum
- 3. Progress to advanced thrower's ten exercises program at week 12
- 4. Progress to Interval hitting program at week 12-14 (off tee, Physician needs to clear patient)



III. Phase III - Dynamic Strengthening Phase (Week 14-22)

**Aggressive strengthening or stretching program based on type of patient. (Therapist and/or physician will determine.

Week 14-17

Goals: Improve strength/power/endurance Improve neuromuscular control Prepare athletic patient for gradual return to sports

** Criteria to Enter Phase III:

- Full non-painful ROM
 - ** Patient must fulfill this criteria before progressing to this phase.
- 2. No pain or tenderness
- 3. Strength 70% or better compared to contralateral side

Exercises:

Initiate Interval Throwing Program at week 16 >

- Advanced thrower's ten program
 - **Emphasis: Neuromuscular control drills, rotator cuff strengthening, scapular strengthening.
- Continue tubing exercises for IR/ER at 0 degrees ABD (arm at side)
- Continue isotonics:
 - for rhomboids and lower trapezius
 - for latissimus dorsi
 - for biceps
 - bilateral plank rhythmic stabilization
 - hand on wall rhythmic stabilization
- Continue dumbbell exercises for supraspinatus and deltoid
- Continue serratus anterior strengthening exercises push-ups floor

Continue closed kinetic chain drills

Continue trunk/LE strengthening exercises

Continue neuromuscular exercises and proprioception drills

Week 18-22

- Continue all exercises above
- Emphasis on gradual return to restricted recreational activities

IV. Phase IV - Return to Activity (Week 22-30)

Goals: Progressively increase activities to prepare patient for full functional return

Criteria to Progress to Phase IV:

- Full ROM
- 2. No pain or tenderness
- Muscle strength test that fulfills criteria
- 4. Satisfactory clinical exam



Exercise:

- Continue strengthening exercisesFundamental shoulder strengthening exercises
- Core stabilization drills
- Endurance training